Deutscher Hängegleiterverband e.V.

Clubs

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DHV Databases

UP RIMO XS Type designation	UP Rimo XS	
Type designation Type test reference no Holder of certification	DHV GS-01-2625-21	
	UP International GmbH	
Winch towing Number of seats min / max	Yes	
Accelerator Trimmers	Yes	THE PARTY OF THE P
	BEHAVIOUR AT MIN WEIGHT IN FLIGHT (55KG)	BEHAVIOUR AT MAX WEIGHT IN FLIGHT (80KG)
Test pilots	Céline Beilharz	
		Beni Stocker
Expert	Josef Bauer	
nflation/take-off	No release	No release
Rising behaviour Special take off technique required	Smooth, easy and constant rising	Smooth, easy and constant rising No
<u>_anding</u>	A	A
Special landing technique required	No	No
Speeds in straight flight Trim speed more than 30 km/h	Yes	Yes
Speed range using the controls larger than 10 km/h		Yes
	Less than 25 km/h	Less than 25 km/h
Symmetric control pressure		Increasing
Symmetric control travel	,	Greater than 60 cm
Pitch stability exiting accelerated flight Dive forward angle on exit		Dive forward less than 30°
Collapse occurs	No !	No
Pitch stability operating controls during accelerated flight Collapse occurs	No.	No
Collapse occurs Roll stability and damping	s No	No
Roll stability and damping Oscillations	<u>i</u>	Reducing
Stability in gentle spirals	A	A
Tendency to return to straight flight		Spontaneous exit
Behaviour exiting a fully developed spiral dive Initial response of glider (first 180°)	Immediate reduction of rate of turn	Immediate reduction of rate of turn
	Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)	rate of turn decreasing)
	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	Less than 720°, spontaneous recove
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	Rocking back less than 45°
Dive forward angle on exit Change of course		Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° Keeping course
Cascade occurs Folding lines used	No	No no
Jnaccelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord)	,	A
-	Rocking back less than 45° Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Rocking back less than 45° Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit Change of course	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°
Cascade occurs Folding lines used		No no
Accelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord)		
-	Rocking back less than 45° Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Rocking back less than 45° Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit Change of course	Keeping course	Dive forward 0° to 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°
Cascade occurs Folding lines used		No no
Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall)	L A	A
_	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Yes Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit Change of course Cascade occurs	Changing course less than 45°	Dive forward 0° to 30° Changing course less than 45° No
High angle of attack recovery	A	A
	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Recovery from a developed full stall	A	A
Dive forward angle on exit	<u> </u>	Dive forward 0° to 30° No collapse
Collapse Cascade occurs (other than collapses) Rocking back	No	No Less than 45°
	Most lines tight	Most lines tight
Small asymmetric collapse Change of course until re-inflation	Less than 90°	Less than 90°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle		Dive or roll angle 0° to 15° Spontaneous re-inflation
Total change of course	Less than 360° No (or only a small number of collapsed cells	
Twist occurs	with a spontaneous re inflation)	collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation) No
Cascade occurs Folding lines used	No	No no
Large asymmetric collapse	İ A	A
Change of course until re-inflation Maximum dive forward or roll angle		Less than 90° Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°
Re-inflation behaviour Total change of course	Spontaneous re-inflation Less than 360°	Spontaneous re-inflation Less than 360°
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)	 No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)
Twist occurs Cascade occurs		No No
Folding lines used		no
Small asymmetric collapse accelerated Change of course until re-inflation	Less than 90°	Less than 90°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle		Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Spontaneous re-inflation
Total change of course Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells	
Twist occurs	with a spontaneous re inflation) No	collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation) No
Cascade occurs Folding lines used	No	No no
arge asymmetric collapse accelerated	A	A
Change of course until re-inflation Maximum dive forward or roll angle		Less than 90° Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°
Re-inflation behaviour Total change of course	Spontaneous re-inflation Less than 360°	Spontaneous re-inflation Less than 360°
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)
Twist occurs Cascade occurs		No No
		no
Folding lines used	A	A
Directional control with a maintained		Yes
Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse Able to keep course 180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in	Yes	Yes
Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse Able to keep course 180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s Amount of control range between turn and stall or	Yes More than 50 % of the symmetric control	More than 50 % of the symmetric
Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse Able to keep course 180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	Yes More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel
Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse Able to keep course 180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	Yes More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	More than 50 % of the symmetric
Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse Able to keep course 180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs	Yes More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel A No	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel A No
Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse Able to keep course 180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs	Yes More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel A No No	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel A No No
Able to keep course Able to keep course 180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs Ow speed spin tendency Spin occurs Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release	Yes More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel A No No Stops spinning in less than 90°	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel A No A No Stops spinning in less than 90°
Able to keep course Able to keep course 180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs Spin occurs Spin occurs Cascade occurs	Yes More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel A No No Stops spinning in less than 90°	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel A No A No

Α

Entry procedure Standard technique

A

Entry procedure Standard technique

Α

Behaviour before release Remains stable with straight span

Recovery Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Recovery Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Recovery Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Change of course before release Changing course less than 45°

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°

Cascade occurs No

Behaviour during big ears Stable flight

Behaviour during big ears Stable flight

Behaviour immediately after releasing the Stable flight accelerator while maintaining big ears

No other flight procedure or configuration described in the user's manual

180° turn achievable in 20 s Yes

Stall or spin occurs No

Any other flight procedure and/or configuration described in the user's manual

Big ears

Big ears in accelerated flight

Alternative means of directional control

No

Α

Changing course less than 45°

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward 0° to 30°

Dive forward 0° to 30°

Dive forward 0° to 30°

Dedicated controls

Dedicated controls

Stable flight

Stable flight

Α

Yes

No

Stable flight

Remains stable with straight span